PREST. EVANS

day on Account of Sickness.

Other Matters That Received Atten-

tion from the Law Makers Today

-All Quiet After the Storm.

President Evans telephoned from Lehi

that he would be unable to attend the

session on account of sickness at home,

and requested that Senator Smoot call

the Senate to order. After doing so

Senator Smoot asked Senator Allison

to take the chair. There were a number

of bills presented for the signature of

the president, but they were laid on the

table for the signature of President

The committee on education recom-

mended that Senate bill No. 15 relating

to the bonding of school lands, be

The committee on banks and banking

recommended with some minor amend.

ments the passage of Senate bill No.

19. The report was adopted. The bill

provides for the fixing of the total lia-

The committee on education recom-

mended the passage of S. B. No. 33,

with some amendments. The report

was adopted. This bill is the one in-

troduced by Senator Whitney, provid-

ing for the awarding of \$6,000 in prizes

for the best text books on Botany, geol-

ence to the natural conditions of Utah.

The committee on education recom-mended the passage of S. B. No. 28, re-

ating to annual and special taxes for

schools. The report was adopted.

The special committee appointed to

confer with the House committee in reference to the invitation from the

Oregon Short Line to take a trip over that road, recommended

that the invitation be accepted. Sen-ator Tanner explained that the arrange-

ments had not been perfected, but it

had been decided to take a trip to

ogy and zoology, having a special

The report was adopted.

bilities of banks.

Ahrii Deo h

ARGUMENTS ON BUILDING SITE.

Clawson Opposes the Present Selection— Dunbar and Thompson Favor It—Tay= lor Defends His Department.

[SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS."] Washington, D. C., Feb. 1,-The hearbefore the House committee on the buildings was held this morning. these present were Spencer 1908, Thompson and Dunbar, all or t Lake, Congressmen Glynn and K Assistant Secretary of the Treas-Taylor, and Supervising Architect the Treasury Taylor, Mr. Clawson id he was against the location of the ent site for public building at Salt ke because it was not in the busi-

r. Dunbar spoke in favor of the fr. Clawson thought a committee

ould be appointed to investigate the e was asked by the chairman if he not think that a delay of one to years would ensue if a committee

replied that he did not care if it as he thought a thorough examinashould be made before any work

sistant Secretary Taylor made a ment of how the present site was ed. He defended the department, e on the report of an engineer.

petition of citizens of Salt Lake asking for the selection of another site. He was asked if he was not attorney for the petitioners, and why it was he had

Mr. Glynn denied that he was directly or indirectly interested in the mat-

\$500,000 for the building.

Postmasters appointed: Henrietta Hanson, vice Alonzo Dabell, removed, Grant, Fremont county, Idaho, and John Cross, vice Frank Byrne, removed, Piedmont, Uinta county. Wyoming.

NO CHANGE IN SITE. The Appropriation Will, However, be

Hon. John E. Dooly this afternoon received a telegram from Hon. Spencer Clawson, stating that the committee on public buildings had decided to recommend that there be no change in the site chosen for the Salt Lake federal building, but to recommend an appropriation of \$500,000 for its construction.

THE FEDERAL BUILDING.

on Which They Rely for a Re-hearing of the

The Congressional Record of Janu-23, has just been recen y; it contains in full the second peti signed by a large number of Salt business men, protesting against manner in which the site for the ral building was determined rts of it have not yet been printed . The petition, which was presented Representative Glynn, opens as fol-

alt Lake City, Utan, Jan. 16, 1901. Honorable Committee on Buildings and Grounds, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C .: ntlemen:-Referring to our petition

inst the selection made of a site for public building in Salt Lake City, of Utah, dated December 28, 1900, replying to the printed copy of the see petition hereto attached, your will further state: irst-That eleven sites (not three) re offered to the United States for federal building in Salt Lake City. , as indicated by the map attachmany of which may have been betadapted for the purpose of a public

liding than either the "Walker site," "Pooly site," the "Young site," o "Church site," mentioned in the atthed petition, and that each and all the parties proposing such sites are litted by common justice and the act mon justice and the act Congress to have the said sites exined before the selection is made. ext follows the law for the site, that of it on which the petitioners special stress, being:

That thereafter (referring to mty days advertising for bids) the tary of the treasury shall cause lination to be made of the said AND OF THE SAID PROPOSED

he petition then quotes the advercent for bids, which said: corner lot approximating 180 feet no feet in dimensions is preferred. not a corner lot, the property must commate 180 feet by 220 feet in di-

the lote selected," say petitioners, but 150 feet square and is not a set of a regular street. Market street but one-half the usual width." be fourth clause of the petition is as

results.

Fourth-We believe that neither the strongers nor the notice published the treasury department have been abled with in the selection of the labellity of the owners and prome of the eleven sites offered to the leng government we pray that the outloss for the appointment. ons for the appointment e preons to investigate the and the procedure adopted by the stati exertary of the treasury be the said the site be selected in plane with the act of Congress." be fifth clause shows that however at may be the difference in the may be the difference in the of the petitioners regarding the on of the building, they are all

ted as to the need of an increase in appropriation:

Fith-Your petitioners pray that appropriation be made during the sent session of Congress adequate amount to erect a building that will an ornament in the control of the an ornament to the capital of our te and that it be located in a porthe city that will be central and that such location be ap direction of the by the committe named in the

NOTABLE GATHERING. ble Birthday Anniversary Observed

totable event occurred on Thursernoon in celebration of the sary of the birthdays of Mrs. H. Young and Mrs. Jane Richdate of both being on the same bem, Mrs. Young having been Jan. 30th 1821, and Mrs. Jane 45n Jan. 30th 1823. The celebra-Bis and Mrs. F. S. Rich-Bis and friends of the esteemed ats of the event given in their

been selected to make the protest.

Representative King said to your correspondent after the hearing, that he had assurance the committee would report today the bill appropriating

Increased to \$500,000.

honor were present to extend heartfelt congratulations and good wishes, amongst them President Snow with his counselors, Geo. Q. Qannon and Joseph F. Smith, the Twelve Apostles, Patri-arch John Smith, the Presiding Bishop-rie of the Church, Presidents of Stakes

able occasion. The event was one that

must inevitably stand out as a milestone

in the lives of Mrs. Young and Mrs. Richards as well as those fortunate enough to be present on the occasion.

FOR FUNERAL EXPENSES.

Mrs. Harriet Shillby this afternoon filed

a petition in the district court, in the

fie, an incompetent person, asking that the expenses of the last sickness and

burial of Isabella McGuffie, wife of said incompetent, who died on the 25th

of December last, be paid. An order

Mrs. McGuffle \$30 per month for sup-port out of her husband's estate, which

is estimated at \$3,000, but no provision

was made for the care and burial of

friend of the departed woman and nursed her during her last sickness,now

asks the court to order these expenses paid out of the funds belonging to Mr.

The bills are itemized as follows:

Undertaker's bill for funeral ex-

Physician's bill.... 8

Attorney's fee for petitioner..... 50

DISTRICT COURT FEES.

County Clerk James today filed with

the county auditor his monthly report, showing the receipts of the county clerk's office, including the district

court cierk's office, which are as fol-

Marriage licenses 170.00

Total\$1,052.05

Reporters' fees 153.00

General fees 318.90

Husband After Divorce.

Lyman Thomas Butterfield today filed

complaint in the district court to ob-

tain a divorce from his wife, Charlotte Elizabeth Butterfield, on the ground of

desertion. The complaint says the mar-riage took place in Salt Lake on the 21st

day of April, 1898, and that one child, a son,has been born to them. Plaintiff asks

that the mother have care and custody

cy, but that the court reserve the right to appoint a guardian for the child when good cause appears therefor. Plaintiff also asks for the privilege of visiting the boy any and all reasonable

Accounts Allowed.

In the estate and guardianship of Robert W. and Gale M. Health, minors,

were allowed, on report of Deputy County Clerk F. W. Little, to whom the

matter was referred for examination.

times and places.

of the boy during his immediate infan

Total\$519.80

Total of two offices.....\$1,571.85

Miscellaneous

Naturalizations

Declarations

District clerk:

Total..... \$376

ceased, and petitioner, who is a

was made some months ago allowing

arch John Smith, the Presiding Bishopric of the Church, Presidents of Stakes, counselors of the Relief societies, and of the Y. L. M. I. associations and Primaries, and Bishop Whitney of the Eighteenth ward, with his counselors, a number of distinguished Ogden guests and many others, the gathering being one of the most notable that has assembled in a social way for many years. The afternoon was devoted to addresses of felicitation by President Snow and others, with responses on the part of Boise, Idaho, leaving Salt Lake Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The report was An invitation was received from the Governor for the Senate to visit the others, with responses on the part of Mrs. Young and Mrs. Richards, the State prison. The invitation was accepted and a committee composed of Senators Smoot, Kiesel and Alder was original Monch of Ogden, Mrs. Lula Greene Richards and Mrs. Susa Y. Gates, toselected to confer with a House mittee composed of Messrs. Hamlin, Hall and Billings to make arrangegether with many pleasing impromptu-incidents. A feature which was much ments for visiting the State prison. appreciated by the guests was the pre-sentation to all of souvenirs in the

IN HONOR OF DR. PARK. shape of separate cards, each bearing Senator Allison introduced Senate the photograph of one of the aged guests of honor of the occasion. Each resolution No. 5, being a resolution of respect to the memory of the late Dr. cird bore also a sentiment—Mrs. Young's having the words, "Charity never faileth." and Mrs. Richards' the John R. Park. The resolution made the special order for Wednesday afternoon, when Chairman Whitney quotation, "He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord." Telegrams and will deliver an address to both houses. letters from absent friends were read An invitation was received from President Kerr to the Senate to visit containing expressions of esteem and the Agricultural college. The invita-tion was accepted, and the time of the affection, and an elaborate dinner made one of the features of the most memorvisit was referred to the committee on

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

public institutions.

Fountain Pens and Other Things Were Discussed Today.

After the customary routine in the roceedings of the House the following business was transacted: It was ordered that Representative Loud be excused till Monday, he having been called home on account of ill-

ness. The chair so ordered. Axton made the motion that members of the House be furnished fountain pens. Hewlett thought that this was unnecessarily expensive,

The speaker said that he had heard the Senate fountain pens were worthless. Axton thought that the House should also be furnished pen-knives. Morris, N. L. moved that the motion be amended to read a motion be amended to read a "good" fountain pen. Axton had heard that good pens could be furnished at \$9 a dozen. The motion to equip members with the extra supplies carried. The clerk read a report on House bill 58, referring to the use of Legion of Honor and G. A. R. insignia, recommending its passage. The committee on judiciary recommended the passage of House bill No. 2, referring to increasing the salaries of

Supreme court judges. New bills were introduced as follows: House bill No. 76, by Smith, relating to the filing of bonds in State offices.

House bill No. 77, by the commaree
on judiciary, being a substitute for
House bill No. 33 by Mohr, amending the statutes relating to jurors in justice courts.

House bill No. 78, by Hewlett, to pro-hibit the sale and use of trading

House bill No. 79, by Wells, being an act to establish a bureau of statistics. communication was received from the Governor and secretary of state to the effect that a medal had been decided upon to present to the Utah volunteers on their return. The medals will be 1% inches in diameter, cost \$2 each and be made by Jeweler Leyson.

CHAPELLE AND THE FRIARS. Declines to Define His Position Regarding Their Restoration.

Manila, Feb. 1 .- Archbishop Chapelle, in response to the request of the cor-respondent of the Associated Press for a statement of his position on the ques-tion of the friars said today that he must decline at the present juncture. He considered that the time was inopportune and might cause embarrass-ment to the United States government and the commission concerning pend-ing matters of which he could not

At a public session of the commission of the commission over the fact that the governing body of the Federal party had unanimously subscribed to what all had individually expressed, namely, that religious issues be kept apart from

Speaking of the provincial government bill, President Taft said that a communication had come from the military governor to the effect that some of the provinces were ready for the establishment of civil government. At present, President Taft said, the provincial governments would be subordinate to the military and the executive.

MAY LOOK TO TAXES OF 1901. WAS ABSENT.

Unable to Attend Legislature To- Attorney General Says Board of Thirty-six Members Visit State's Education May Do That.

"Current Year" and "Fiscal Year" and What They Mean from Major Breeden's Point of View.

Attorney General Breeden today rendered the following opinion to Hon. A. C. Nelson, superintendent of public instruction. Members of the board of education when apprised of it at first concluded that it was favorable to them, but later were not so sure of it, adding that they did not understand it. The opinion reads:

Dear sir .-- I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your favor of the 36th inst., in which you submit to me a copy of a communication received from the clerk of the board of education of the clerk of the board of education of Salt Lake City, of which the following is a copy, and you ask my advice there-

passed with a few slight amendments. The fiscal year according to the Con-

"The fiscal year according to the Constitution, Art. XIII, Sec. 1, and R. S. 2,592, begins January 1st.
According to Art. XIV, Sec. 1, of the Constitution, no debt in excess of the taxes for the current year shall be created by any school district.

"Does not the word year in the latter section refer to the fiscal year?

"Has not the board of education in determining now the limit of its indebtedness the right to look to the taxes of 1901, not the taxes of 1900? 1901, not the taxes of 1900?

"Is there any warrant of law for con-struing the word 'year' to mean anything other than the fiscal year?" The above questions only involve the definition of the two words "fiscal" and "current," as employed by the framers of the Constitution and the Legislature of the State. Chapter V. Sec. 2592, R. S., is in harmony with Art. XIII, Sec. 1, of the Constitution, and fixes the 1st day of January as the date for the commencement of the fiscal year. It also provides for the levy and collection annually of a tax, etc., for school purposes, and nowhere in this chapter five of the Revised Statutes is the word "current" used. Fiscal means pertaining rent" used. Fiscal means pertaining rent" used. to the tresury or revenue. The word "current" used in article XIV, section 1 of the Constitution, does not attempt to fix any definite time for the com-mencement of the year, but it is simply to express present or passing time, and the Legislature has seen proper to fix a positive time for the commencement of the financial year, to wit: January

I think there is no warrant of law for construing the word year, as here used to mean other than the fiscal year. You are therefore advised that, in my opinion, the board of education, in determining the limit of its indebtedness for this year, has the right to look to the taxes of 1901.

PAY OF TRUSTEES.

Attorney-General Breeden also gave Superintendent Nelson another opinion

in which he said:
"You are advised that the school trustees have no legal right to secure the appropriation for their compensation at any other time than at the annual meeting as provided by the above section of the statute, and the action of the clerk in the issuance of his war-rayts, after he had been notified by the county superintendent not to do so, was without authority of law."

MISSIONARY DEAD.

President Snow Received a Telegram to That Effect Today.

President Snow this afternoon ceived a telegram from Elder F. S. Bramwell, president of the Northwestern States mission, dated Cache Junction, Utah, today, announcing that Elder Atkinson, a missionary in his district, was dead.

The telegram gave no particulars as to where Elder Atkinson died or the cause of his demise. It added, however, that the body was being cared for and would be forwarded home at once. Reference to the Church records shows that there was an Elder C. H. Atkinson of Woodruff, laboring in the Northwestern States mission, and it is believed that he is the Elder referred to in President Bramwell's telegram.

Mrs. Nation Going to Chicago.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 1 .- A. C. Rankin, of Pittsburg, Pa., who is en route home from the temperance convention that has just been held in Topeka, said that Mrs. Carrie Nation accompanied by her husband and three or four of her followers, will come to Chicago the latter part of next week, probably stopping a day each at Kansas City. Des Moines and Sioux City. "The object of the visit." Mr. Rankin said, "will be four fold, to let the people know they are not a lot of crazy women to give Mrs. Nation an expectimen; to give Mrs. Nation an opportunity to present fairly the situation as it exists in Kansas; to arouse and quick en the temperance movement in other States, and to raise funds to carry out the crusader's lawsuits in Kansas. It is promised that there will be no damage wrought on this trip. How ever, it is said that future plans of the crusaders include an extended tour of saloon wrecking. Mrs. Nation has re-

eastern cities. Balloting for Senator.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 1.-The ballot for United States senator today resulted Mantie, 28; Frank, 20; Cooper, 10; MacGinn's, 8; Pelletier, 7; Spriggs, 3; Buford, 3; Hoffman, 2.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 1.—The fourteenth joint ballot on United States senator resulted as follows: Allen (Fusion), 44; Hitchcock (Fusion), 18; W. H. Thompson, (Fusion), 7; Meredith, (Fusion), 23; D. E. Thompson, 31; Meiklejohn, 24; Hinshaw, 13; Rosewater, 17; Currie, 20; scattering, 34.

ballot today was as follows: Corbett, 29; Smith, 26; McBride, 19; Hermann, 8; Moore, 2; Fulton, 2; Williams, 2, Towell, 1; not voting, 1.

The senate adopted a concurrent res. olution inviting President McKinley to visit Oregon on his western tour.

Salem, Oregon, Feb. 1.-The senatorial

LEGISLATORS AT THE UNIVERSITY.

Chief Educational Institution.

TEXT BOOKS TALKED OF. DON'T QUITE UNDERSTAND IT IS THOROUGHY INSPECTED.

Speeches Are Made and the Promise Given That a Liberal Appropriation Will be Forthcoming.

The visit to the State University will probably bear fruit as the House members are in favor equally with the sen ators in allowing the seat of learning all the money that can be spared from the State reserves. This decision was practically reached when the legislators visited the University today.

Dr. Kingsbury made the members an address in one of the smaller rooms in which he explained what were the most urgent necessities of the University and showed how the work was at present hampered for lack of room. A good representation of the House was present-36 out of a membership of 45 and many pertinent questions were asked and explanations given. Dr. Kingsbury explained that the University contemplated a series of fourteen buildings, and that besides the three already erected the want of two more was urgently felt, which would satisfy for the present. These were the min ing school building and the machine shop, which would cost in the neighborhood of \$58,000. An appropriation for the two years of \$200,000 is asked.

After Dr. Kingsbury had explained the needs of the University the representatives were taken on a tour of inspection. When the legislators had found seats in the assembly hall where the students had already gathered, Dr. Kingsbury introduced the legislators and said "we would like to hear from a few of them."

Mr. Glasmann was the first speaker He said he felt like the Irishman in the penitentiary who said: "Bejabers I'm in for getting out." "I understand that the senators have

promised you everything, and a gymnasium to boot. The asylum at Provo, which we visited first, issomething like your institution, overcrowded. But believe this institution is entitled to some consideration. The governor said we wanted about \$750,000 for State in-stitutions. We can only figure on raising about two-thirds of that sum.

Mr. Axion was next called on. He said he took off his hat to the young people who were destined to be the fore-most in their State. He said that he for one was pledged for "all your pro fessor asks for in the way of appropria

Mr. Anderson, who spoke next, said that the State had just so much money to spend, but the University should be

Mr. McGregor said he remembered noticing in a newspaper in the east that Utah had appropriated \$25,000 for two years' running expenses of the University. This was, of course, an exag geration of the smallness of the appropriation. He felt that the University was one of first State institution and should receive its first support

Mr. D. H. Morris said that he was the more interested in education, as he had had little opportunities in that line We have just so much money to spend. To furnish more will be to increase taxation. If our friend Glas-mann's bills went through they would apply the money, raised from extra taxation of the corporations, to the Uni-

Mr. Holmgren thought that the modest way in which the extra appropriation had been asked was an additional incentive to making it. Mr. D. C. Johnson was to have the last speaker. He recalled the hard-ships of his own school life. He said he

felt like giving the university all that had been asked for. "I used to be an expert with the sword. When you get your gymnasium

I will come up and give you lessons in sword play," said be He was glad that the State had so many excellent school houses and felt that everything possible should be done

to help its university.

When Johnson sat down the students called for Harmon and the gentleman from Emery took the floor, and said a few words in favor of education and thanked the students. The students then called for Smith, but Benner X

Dr. Kingsbury wound up by saying that if the legislature would, after making a visit to the other State institutions, give the university its fair share the faculty would ask no more

The students then called for Hewlett The time was late, however, and that gentleman contented himself with saying that he felt like doing as he had done on the penitentiary committee, that is recommending the appropriation. Before leaving Speaker Glasmann, on behalf of the House, extended an tation to the students to visit the House some day, where then would be warmly

DUKE OF YORK'S HEALTH. Nothing Critical Apprehended but Great Precautions Taken.

Cowes, Feb. . The Duchess of Cornwall and York intends going to London today, returning on Tuesday to her husband. This is taken as a fair ceived invitations to lecture in many indication that nothing critical is apprehended. However, great precautons are exercised. The heir to the throne has been moved to a room adjoining that occupied by Sir Francis Laking and a local practitioner has been called in to assist in the care of the duke. Prepara-tions for another three weeks' stay at Osborne house are being made for duke and duchess, as it is thought that the patient will not be able to travel much before the expiration of that per-

> Chinese Plenipotentiares Meet. New York, Feb. 1 .- A dispatch to the

Herald from Pekin says: At a meeting of the ministers, a conference with the Chinese plenipotentia-ries, which is to take place next week and in which the punishments demanded will be verbally communicated, was

arranged i Sir Ernest Satow, the British minis-ter, informed his colleagues that he had received instructions giving him dis-cretion to waive his insistence on the death penalty.

OSBORNE HOUSE TO PORTSMOUTH.

Victoria's Body on its Way to its Last Resting Place — Bands Play Funeral Marches and Minute Guns Boom.

Cowes, Feb. 1 .- With grand, yet | miral Sir Gerard Henry Noel, formed the western portion. mournful, display of naval pomp and power, the body of Queen Victoria was FOREIGN WAR VESSELS. borne this afternoon from its quiet The foreign war vessels were moored outhwest of the British ships in the resting place in Osborne house to southwest order of their arrival and alongside of them were moored eight British gun-boats, the Antelope, Gleaner, Skipjack, Leda, Rattlesnake, Alert, Circe and Portsmouth, the heart of England's navy. Not since Admiral Cervera's ships lit up the Cuban coast with their self-consuming fires, has anything Speedwell. been seen which in tragic splendor ap-After leaving Trinity pier, the Alberta, with her attendant escort, steamed along the deep channel between the coast of the Isle of Wight and the single line of battleships and cruisers. proached the naval spectacle of today. The half hundred red fighting ships that this afternoon fired their broadsides and minute guns, were inferior LINE OF BATTLESHIPS. in strength to the force gathered in the The main line was as follows, beginame waters for the jubilee celebration, but the lack of formidableness was ful-

silently along the decks, and the flags which usually float defiantly in the

breeze, dropped half way down the hal-yards. The most powerful fleet Eng-land could gather on short notice lay

inert and silent save for the mournful

strains of the bands and the woeful sound of guns that betokened neither

peace nor war, but death. Past these and past the Hohenzollern the huge

though cumbersome Camperdown, the

Rodney and the Benbow, on through the line of British battleships all as powerful on paper as the Oregon or

Kentucky: still on, till Japan's Hatsuz the biggest warship in the world, was

eft astern, and the German Baden was

beam to beam with Vice Admiral Sir Harry Holdsworth Rawson's splen-

did flagship the Majestic, of the channel squadron, the naval funeral proces-

sion slowly steamed. Ahead were eight

destroyers, and seldom have these speedy craft drawn their long, black

hulls so sluggishly through the water,

Steaming leisurely after them was the

royal yacht Alberta, half screened by the awning on the poop, the royal cof-fin placed on a crimson dais, the cur-

tains of which were drawn back and tied to four poles, leaving free to view the magnificent casket and robes. Some-

Trinity house yacht Irene, watching

the course, while in the wake of the course, came the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, with King Edward and

Queen Alexandra and the English royal family; the royal yacht Osborne, with

with officials on board.

from Cowes to Spithead.

es abeam, sometimes ahead, was the

BEHIND THE ALBERTA.

ning at Cowes: The Alexandra, Camperdown, Rodney, Benbow, Collingwood, Colossus, Sans Pareil, Nile, Howe, Melampas, Severn, ly atoned for by the solemnity of this Galatea, Bellona, Pactolus, Pelorus, Diana, Conqueror, Arrogant, Minerva, Niobe, Hero, Hood, Trafalgar, Resolution, Jupiter, Hannibal, Mars, Prince fleet in mourning. Over the still waters between the roll of the six-pounders, came strains of Chopin's and Beethoven's funeral marches. The crews, ac-George and Majestic. customed to cheer with the heartiness which belongs only to "jackies," stood

Minute guns were fired by all the ships in the Solent and at Cowes com-mencing when the Alberta left the pier. Each ship ceased firing immediately after the tall of the procession had passed her.

AT PORTSMOUTH

After the procession had passed the Majestic, the forts and ships in Portsmouth harbor commenced firing minute guns and continued firing until the Alberta was alongside the wharf. No standards were displayed and en-signs and union jacks were at half

The bands played the funeral marches of Chopin and Beethoven only. No national anthem was played.

On the approach of the procession the

On the approach of the procession the ships were manned and the guards and bands were paraded.

The officers were in full dress and the men "No. 1 Rig" and straw hats. The guards presented arms as the Alberta passed each ship, and then rested the processing arms as the Alberta passed each ship, and then rested the processing arms are reversed that the proon their arms reversed until the pro-cession had passed;

NELSON'S OLD FLAG SHIP. A detachment of marines and the admiral's band were on board Nelson's old

flagship, the Victory, in Portsmouth All the sea front and dock yards were manned by marines and sailors, while

was manned by boy from the training ship St. Vincent, and from the gunnery ship Excellent. When the Majestic was left astern the Alberta was moored for the night. Tomorrow the body will be taken ashore at Portsmouth and thence conveyed to London and Windsor for the

other royal personages; the imperial sacht Hohenzollern, with Emperor Willast tributes to the queen.

The ceremony in bringing the coffin iam, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and others; the admiralty yacht Enchantress and a Trinity house yacht from Osborne house, to the pier at Cowes was scarcely less interesting than the naval function. At noon the gorgeous trappings of the Chapelle Ar-The main squardon of battleships and cruisers were moored two and a dente were distributed. Over the coffin by the girl queen. On this was placed half cables apart, in one line, extending the royal regalfa, wand, scept The channel fleet, under the command crown, which were scarcely ever used by the queen in her lifetime. Dummy regalia will be buried with of Vice Admiral Sir Henry Holdsworth Rawson, formed the eastern portion, and the reserve fleet, under Rear Ad-

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN NEW YORK.

A Huge Factory and Many Other Bnildings Burned-Collision Between Fire Engine and Electric Car-Two Policemen Reported Missing.

New York, Feb. 1.—The extent of the the firemen with three powerful estruction wrought by the conflagradestruction wrought by the conflagration which destroyed nearly a whole block of buildings at Thirty-first street and First avenue last night, could be better appreciated this morning. The huge factory of the William Wicke company was almost level with the ground. Contractor Joseph Cody of the building department, with a force of 100 men, had labored at the ruins all night pulling down dangerous sections of wall. Other property destroyed was the six-story factory building, numbers 404, 406 and 408 East Thirty-second the five-story tenement at think this was the case. and 548 First avenue; the five-story tenement, 462 East Thirty-first street; ackson's iron foundry, extending from 402 East Thirty-first street to the river, and a two-story brick building on Thirty-first street, occupied by the Swift Dressed Beef company.

The property partially destroyed in-cludes the tenements at 550 and 552 First avenue, 522 and 524 First avenue. About seventy families were rendered omeless by the burning of the tene

Bockhout's lumber yard on the north side of Thirtieth street between First avenue and the river was still burning

streams from Engine No. 1, were able to kee pthe flames from extending further at that point, Fire Chief Croker said today that he believed the fire was caused by an ex-

plosion of chemicals in the Wicke factory. He was informed that a watch-man had gone into the vault in the cellar with a light and that the vault contained the explosives. The chief added that he did not know what had become of the watchman or who he is. He said the explosion that started the conflagration might have been caused by illuminating gas getting into the cellar from a gas main, but he did not

Engine 21 was almost completely vecked and water tower No. 3 was badly damaged. Engine 33 on its way was to the fire collided with a car at Fourteenth street and Third avenue Both the car and engine were damaged and the fire horses were so badly hurt that they had to be shot. Engine 25 on its way from the fire to its headquarters this morning broke down. The fire department also lost several thousand feet of hose and connections, bitter cold made the work of the fire-

men very difficult.
Policeman Thomas J. Fitzpatrick and John B. McMullin, who were on duty fiercely at 7 o'clock this morning, but 1 at the fire, are reported missing today.

RUMORED CONTROL OF S.P. RAILWAY BY U.P.

New York, Feb. 1.-Reports are curent in Wall street that the Union Pathe Southern Pacific railroad company. Acting Vice President Gates of the Southern Pacific says he knows nothing

It is said that the Harriman interests in the Union Pacific have bought the Huntington holdings in the Southern Pacific amounting to 400,000 shares at a price something like \$55 paid or to be

Washington, Feb. 1.—At the cabinet meeting today Secy. Hay spoke at some length on the situation in China. It developed that the plenipotentiaries of the powers are not making as rapid progress toward a settlement as was hoped and that many disturbing quesern Pacific holdings bought by the Har-rlman syndicate were those in the hands of Speyer & Co. No official con-firmation of the report could be ob-A news agency sent out the following

Later it was reported that the South-

statement this afternoon: "It may be stated on semi-official authority that the Harriman syndicate, acting in the interest of the Union Pacific, has purchased the Speyer-Huntington holdings in the Southern Pacific.'

Cabinet Considers Chinese Matters. | it would be necessary to make arrangements for more permanent quar-ters for those who are now there, than has been thought proper, were among

the questions touched upon. The Cuban constitution was also a subject of discussion. Much regret was expressed at the seeming deadlock in the constitutional convention by which tions have arisen in consequence. Whether our forces in China should be the adoption of a constitution may be long delayed. increased and the question of whether

Last Night.